

9TH AVENUE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1
City and County of Denver, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025

**9TH AVENUE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Members of the Board of Directors
9th Avenue Metropolitan District No. 1
Denver County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of 9th Avenue Metropolitan District No. 1 as of and for the year ended December 31, 2025 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the 9th Avenue Metropolitan District No. 1's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the 9th Avenue Metropolitan District No. 1 as of December 31, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the 9th Avenue Metropolitan District No. 1 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about 9th Avenue Metropolitan District No. 1's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the 9th Avenue Metropolitan District No. 1's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the 9th Avenue Metropolitan District No. 1's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.



Littleton, Colorado
May 8, 2026

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9TH AVENUE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2025

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 195,398
Cash and Investments - Restricted	25,700
Prepaid Insurance	13,732
Due from District No. 2	5,530
Due from District No. 3	1,433
Capital Assets:	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	2,846,030
Capital Assets Net of Depreciation	<u>874,234</u>
Total Assets	<u>3,962,057</u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	<u>105,751</u>
Total Liabilities	105,751
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	874,234
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserve	25,700
Unrestricted	<u>2,956,372</u>
Total Net Position	<u><u>\$ 3,856,306</u></u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

9TH AVENUE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Program Revenues				Net Revenues (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 792,012	\$ -	\$ 851,847	\$ -	\$ 59,835
Interest on Long-Term Debt and Related Costs	1,672	-	-	-	(1,672)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 793,684	\$ -	\$ 851,847	\$ -	58,163
GENERAL REVENUES					
Interest Income					4,266
Total General Revenues and Transfers					4,266
CHANGES IN NET POSITION					
Net Position - Beginning of Year					62,429
					3,793,877
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR					\$ 3,856,306

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**9TH AVENUE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2025**

	<u>General</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 195,398
Cash and Investments - Restricted	25,700
Due from District No. 2	5,530
Due from District No. 3	1,433
Prepaid Insurance	<u>13,732</u>
Total Assets	<u><u>\$ 241,793</u></u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	\$ 105,751
Total Liabilities	<u>105,751</u>
FUND BALANCES	
Nonspendable:	
Prepaid Expense	13,732
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserves	25,700
Assigned to:	
Subsequent Year's Expenditures	207,633
Unassigned	<u>(111,023)</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>136,042</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	<u>3,720,264</u>
Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u><u>\$ 3,856,306</u></u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

9TH AVENUE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE –
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025

	<u>General</u>
REVENUES	
Interest Income	\$ 4,266
Intergovernmental Revenues - District No. 2	490,796
Intergovernmental Revenues - District No. 3	361,051
Total Revenues	<u>856,113</u>
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
Accounting	52,870
Auditing	15,200
Dues and Membership	2,934
Insurance	13,110
Legal	64,576
Miscellaneous	10,400
Security	99,039
Election	2,222
Intergovernmental Expenditures	1,032
Property Management	98,527
Janitorial Services	142,058
Landscaping	64,990
Snow Removal	102,719
Utilities	29,532
Website	2,652
Storm Drainage	22,469
Total Expenditures	<u>724,330</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	131,783
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Repay Prior Developer Advance - Operating	(294,547)
Repay Prior Developer Advance - Capital	(45,573)
Total Other Financing Uses	<u>(340,120)</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(208,337)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	<u>344,379</u>
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 136,042</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

9TH AVENUE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (208,337)
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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset. Therefore, this is the amount of capital outlay, depreciation and dedication of capital assets to other governments, in the current period.

Depreciation Expense	(67,682)
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Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of government funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.

Repay Prior Developer Advance	270,981
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Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the fund financial statements.

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued Interest Payable Prior Developer Advance - Operating - Change in Liability	58,105
Accrued Interest Payable Prior Developer Advance - Capital - Change in Liability	9,362

Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 62,429
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9TH AVENUE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025

	Budget		Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Interest Income	\$ 4,174	\$ 4,174	\$ 4,266	\$ 92
Other Revenue	28,500	28,500	-	(28,500)
Retail Sales Fee Revenue	200,000	200,000	-	(200,000)
Intergovernmental Revenues - District No. 2	495,000	495,000	490,796	(4,204)
Intergovernmental Revenues - District No. 3	362,326	362,326	361,051	(1,275)
Total Revenues	<u>1,090,000</u>	<u>1,090,000</u>	<u>856,113</u>	<u>(233,887)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Accounting	45,000	45,000	52,870	(7,870)
Auditing	15,000	15,000	15,200	(200)
Administration Fees	9,000	9,000	-	9,000
Dues and Membership	1,500	1,500	2,934	(1,434)
Intergovernmental Expenditures	-	1,500	1,032	468
Insurance	12,000	12,000	13,110	(1,110)
Legal	72,500	72,500	64,576	7,924
Miscellaneous	500	500	10,400	(9,900)
Security	100,000	100,000	99,039	961
Election	7,500	7,500	2,222	5,278
Repairs and Maintenance	10,000	10,000	-	10,000
Property Management	60,000	60,000	98,527	(38,527)
Janitorial Services	115,000	115,000	142,058	(27,058)
Landscaping	140,000	140,000	64,990	75,010
Paying Agent Fees	3,500	3,500	-	3,500
Snow Removal	190,000	190,000	102,719	87,281
Utilities	40,000	40,000	29,532	10,468
Website	10,000	10,000	2,652	7,348
Storm Drainage	60,000	60,000	22,469	37,531
Contingency	28,500	29,000	-	29,000
Total Expenditures	<u>920,000</u>	<u>922,000</u>	<u>724,330</u>	<u>197,670</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	170,000	168,000	131,783	(36,217)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Repay Prior Developer Advance - Operating	-	(300,000)	(294,547)	5,453
Repay Prior Developer Advance - Capital	-	(46,000)	(45,573)	427
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>(346,000)</u>	<u>(340,120)</u>	<u>5,880</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	170,000	(178,000)	(208,337)	(30,337)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	<u>2,812</u>	<u>345,000</u>	<u>344,379</u>	<u>(621)</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 172,812</u>	<u>\$ 167,000</u>	<u>\$ 136,042</u>	<u>\$ (30,958)</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

9TH AVENUE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

9th Avenue Metropolitan District No. 1 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and a political subdivision of the State of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court of the City and County of Denver (the City) on September 20, 2016, and recorded on September 30, 2016, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District was organized in conjunction with two other districts, 9th Avenue Metropolitan District No. 2 (District No. 2) and 9th Avenue Metropolitan District No. 3 (District No. 3) (collectively, the Districts) to provide for the financing, acquisition, construction, completion, operation, and maintenance of all public infrastructure and services within and without the Districts' service area, including streets, traffic and safety, water, sanitation, storm drainage, transportation, mosquito control, and park and recreation facilities for the collective use and benefit of the property owners within, and residents of all of the Districts. The District serves as a service district and acts as the manager for the Districts. District No. 2 and District No. 3 serve as the financing districts and will provide tax and other revenues necessary to fund the costs of providing the services.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows of resources and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as net position.

9TH AVENUE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are intergovernmental revenues. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District amended its budget for the year ended December 31, 2025.

**9TH AVENUE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025**

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment and infrastructure assets are reported by the District. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress and are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated economic useful lives:

Parks and Recreation

20 Years

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components.

9TH AVENUE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In December 2023, the GASB issued Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures (Statement 102). Statement 102 requires note disclosure when (a) a concentration or constraint is known prior to issuance of the financial statements, (b) it makes the reporting unit vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact, and (c) an event associated with the concentration or constraint has occurred, has begun to occur, or is more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of issuance.

The District adopted the requirements of the guidance effective January 1, 2025, and has elected to apply the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption. Management performed the analysis required under Statement 102 and did not identify any concentrations or constraints that require disclosure.

9TH AVENUE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2025, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 195,398
Cash and Investments - Restricted	25,700
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$ 221,098</u>

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2025, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 91,830
Investments	129,268
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$ 221,098</u>

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

As of December 31, 2025, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$91,830.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

**9TH AVENUE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025**

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities.
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2025, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset	Weighted-Average	
Trust (CSAFE)	Under 60 Days	\$ 129,268
Total		<u>\$ 129,268</u>

CSAFE

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers two portfolios – CSAFE CASH FUND and CSAFE CORE.

CSAFE CASH FUND operations similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds and highest rated commercial paper, any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

CSAFE CORE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$2.00 transactional share price. CSAFE CORE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

9TH AVENUE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

CSAFE (Continued)

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE CASH FUND is rated AAmmf and CSAFE CORE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost, and the District records its investments in CSAFE using the amortized cost method. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2025, follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2024	Increases	Decreases	Balance at December 31, 2025
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Construction in Progress	\$ 2,846,030	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,846,030
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	2,846,030	-	-	2,846,030
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Parks and Recreation	1,353,653	-	-	1,353,653
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	1,353,653	-	-	1,353,653
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Accumulated Depreciation - Parks and Rec	411,737	67,682	-	479,419
Total Accumulated Depreciation	411,737	67,682	-	479,419
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	941,916	(67,682)	-	874,234
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 3,787,946</u>	<u>\$ (67,682)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,720,264</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Government	<u>\$ 67,682</u>
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The majority of capital assets constructed by the District are expected to be dedicated to other governments for ownership and maintenance. When the property is dedicated, the District removes the cost of construction from capital assets.

9TH AVENUE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Developer Advance

The District entered into funding and reimbursement agreements with 9th Avenue (Denver) Land, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the Prior Developer) as follows:

On December 8, 2016 (with an effective date of September 30, 2016), the District entered into an Operation Funding Agreement with the Prior Developer, as amended by that certain First Amendment to Operation Funding Agreement dated November 21, 2019, by that certain Second Amendment to Operation Funding Agreement dated November 19, 2020, and by that certain Third Amendment to Operation Funding Agreement dated November 18, 2021 (the Operations Agreement). Under the Operations Agreement, the Prior Developer advances funds to the District for operations and maintenance expenses. The District is obligated to repay the advances, plus simple interest at the rate of 8% per annum, from monies not otherwise needed to fund operations and maintenance expenses or debt service obligations, which repayment is subject to annual budget and appropriation. As of January 28, 2025, there were no outstanding advances under the Operations Agreement and the Operations Agreement was terminated.

On December 8, 2016 (with an effective date of September 30, 2016), the District entered into a Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement (Facilities Agreement) with the Prior Developer. Under the Facilities Agreement, the District acknowledges that the Prior Developer expended funds on behalf of the District for organizational costs. The Facilities Agreement also anticipates that the Prior Developer may fund capital improvements that may be designed and constructed by the District, or the District may acquire capital improvements designed and constructed by the Prior Developer. The District will repay the Developer for organization and capital improvement costs, plus simple interest at the rate of 8% per annum, subject to the receipt of funding from the issuance of debt by the District, District No. 2, or District No. 3.

As of December 31, 2025, there were no outstanding advances under the Facilities Agreement.

On November 15, 2022 (with an effective date of January 1, 2023), the District entered into an Operation Funding Agreement – Retail Sales Fee Revenue (Prior OFA – RSF) with the Prior Developer. The Prior OFA – RSF provides a mechanism by which any portion of the RSF Revenue (as defined therein) may be assigned to the District for payment of the District's General Fund Expenses (as defined therein), either directly under the Prior OFA – RSF or indirectly under the Operations Agreement, discussed above. As of January 28, 2025, the Prior OFA-RSF with the Prior Developer was terminated.

	Balance at December 31, 2024	Additions	Reductions	Balance at December 31, 2025	Due Within One Year
Other Debts:					
Developer Advance - Operating	\$ 235,000	\$ -	\$ 235,000	\$ -	\$ -
Developer Advance - Capital	35,981	-	35,981	-	-
Accrued Interest on:					
Developer Advance - Operating	58,105	1,442	59,547	-	-
Developer Advance - Capital	9,362	230	9,592	-	-
Total Long Term Obligations	\$ 338,448	\$ 1,672	\$ 340,120	\$ -	\$ -

**9TH AVENUE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025**

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Authorized Debt

The District was organized to provide services to the same service area with 9th Avenue Metropolitan District No. 2 (District No. 2, and collectively with the District, the Districts). The Districts, in aggregate, are limited in their ability to issue Debt, as set forth in their respective Service Plans, in an amount not to exceed \$160,000,000 (the Service Plan Aggregate Debt Issuance Limit). Pursuant to the Service Plans, the Service Plan Aggregate Debt Issuance Limit is not applicable to refunding of Debt authorized to be issued under the Service Plans. The amount of debt authorization remaining within the Service Plan Aggregate Debt Issuance Limit is \$145,630,000. In no event is the District authorized to issue Debt in excess of the Service Plan Aggregate Debt Issuance Limit.

The District's voters have authorized the District to issue Debt in accordance with the Service Plan Aggregate Debt Issuance Limit.

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining Service Plan Aggregate Debt Issuance Limit for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the Districts' service area.

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets. As of December 31, 2025, the District had net investment in capital assets in the amount of \$874,234.

The restricted component of net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2025, as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Restricted Net Position:	
Emergency Reserve	\$ 25,700
Total Restricted Net Position	<u>\$ 25,700</u>

The unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

9TH AVENUE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2025

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES

In 2025, a majority of the members of the Board of Directors of the District are employees of, owners of, or associated with Nine Co Blvd 5 Owner LLC (the Redeveloper) and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS

Memorandum of Understanding

On December 8, 2016, (with an effective date of September 30, 2016) the District entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with District No. 2 and District No. 3. The MOU provides that the District, District No. 2, and District No. 3 anticipate entering into a Facilities Funding, Construction, and Operations Agreement (FFCOA), that is expected to provide that the District will finance, own, acquire, operate, and maintain any or all of the improvements acquired by the District and services needed to serve the development in conjunction with the financing provided by District No. 2 and District No. 3.

Denver Urban Renewal Authority (DURA)

All of the property within the boundaries of the Districts (the Development) is subject to the 9th and Colorado Urban Renewal Plan approved by an ordinance adopted by the City on July 26, 2013 (the Urban Renewal Plan). The Urban Renewal Plan specifies, for purposes of the Urban Renewal Law, a "Redevelopment Area" (referred to herein as the 9th and Colorado Urban Redevelopment Area) encompassing approximately forty-one acres, comprising substantially all of the former campus of the University of Colorado Health Sciences Center.

In connection therewith and in order to further provide for the financing of public improvements within the 9th and Colorado Urban Redevelopment Area, the Denver Urban Renewal Authority (DURA) and the City entered into the 9th Avenue Tax Increment Area Cooperation Agreement dated as of December 15, 2014 (the City/DURA Cooperation Agreement). In accordance therewith and with the Urban Renewal Law (Section 31-25-101, et seq. C.R.S.), until the 25th anniversary of the date of the approval by the City Council of the 9th Avenue Project (i.e. December 8, 2039) (also referred to herein as the TIF Period), all property taxes resulting from imposition of ad valorem property taxes on the assessed valuation of all taxable property in the 9th Avenue Project within 9th and Colorado Urban Redevelopment Area (which includes all of the property within the boundaries of the Districts) in excess of the base assessed valuation thereof (i.e., the incremental assessed valuation) are to be remitted by the City to DURA. According to the City Assessor, the base assessed valuation of taxable property in the Districts is zero.

The Districts and DURA entered into a Cooperation Agreement, dated as of June 21, 2018 (the District Cooperation Agreement) pursuant to which DURA has agreed to remit during the TIF Period to each of the Districts all revenues generated from the imposition of ad valorem property taxes by such District on the incremental assessed valuation of property of such District, including property tax revenue resulting from the imposition of the District No. 2 Required Mill Levy and the District No. 3 Required Mill Levy.

9TH AVENUE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Intergovernmental Agreement Regarding Construction, Funding, Operations, and Maintenance of 10th Avenue and Bellaire Street Improvements

On April 26, 2021, the District entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement Regarding Construction, Funding, Operations, and Maintenance of 10th Avenue and Bellaire Street Improvements (the “Bellaire IGA”) by and among the Districts and the City, under which the Districts anticipate funding and constructing certain street improvements near 10th Avenue and Bellaire Street (the Bellaire Street Improvements), located within the Districts’ service area. The Bellaire IGA sets forth the anticipated processes for the Districts to finance and construct the Bellaire Street Improvements and for the City to accept the Bellaire Street Improvements.

Intergovernmental Agreement Regarding Operations and Maintenance of Drainage and Water Quality Improvements Pursuant to Permanent Nonexclusive Easements

During the District’s November 18, 2021, Board meeting, the District approved the proposed Intergovernmental Agreement Regarding Operations and Maintenance of Drainage and Water Quality Improvements Pursuant to Permanent Nonexclusive Easements (the Proposed Water Quality IGA) by and among the Districts, under which the Districts agreed that, upon District No. 1’s acquisition of certain water quality improvements, District No. 1 will become the owner of certain permanent nonexclusive easement rights related to the water quality improvements. Therefore, District No. 1 will provide operations and maintenance services for, and fund the costs of construction, reconstruction, repair, and maintenance, of such water quality improvements. As of the date of this audit, the Proposed Water Quality IGA is pending final execution.

Operation Funding Agreement – Retail Sales Fee Revenue

On November 20, 2025, the District entered into an Operation Funding Agreement – Retail Sales Fee Revenue (OFA-RSF) with the Redeveloper. The OFA-RSF provides a mechanism by which any portion of the RSF Revenue (as defined therein) may be assigned to the District for payment of the District’s General Fund Expenses (as defined therein), directly under the OFA-RSF. The RSF Revenue assigned to the District is not eligible for reimbursement to the Redeveloper.

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials’ liability, boiler and machinery, and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

9TH AVENUE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 1
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability, and workers compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On November 3, 2015, the District's voters authorized the District to increase property taxes \$5,000,000 annually for general operations and maintenance. The election also allows the District to collect, spend, and retain all revenues without regard to the limitations contained within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution (TABOR).

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

Section 29-1-1702, C.R.S., contains limitations on revenues generated from property tax revenues that apply to certain local governments within the State of Colorado.

Annual operating revenue is limited to a 5.25% increase; such increase is determined based on a prior assessment period and adjusted for allowable exclusions and exemptions from qualified property tax revenues.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of Section 29-1-1702, C.R.S. However, this section of the C.R.S. is complex and subject to interpretation.